ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about May 25 and October 2, 1953, by the Peerless Serum Co., from Kansas City, Mo.

PRODUCT: 27 1-pint bottles of *Dartol* and 33 1-pound jars and 6 5-pound jars of *Alatin* at Madison, Wis.

Label, in Part: (Bottle) "Peerless Dartol 1 pint Each Ounce Contains Hexamethylenamine 60 gr. Color F. D. & C. Red No. 1 Indications For mild diarrhoeas in young suckling pigs"; (jar) "Alatin (With Nicotinic Acid) Poison * * * Contains: Sodium Hydroxide - - - 10% Nicotinic Sodium Thiosulphate Sodium Bicarbonate Copper Sulphate Methylene Blue Salt Oil Anise * * * Directions Dissolve one pound of Alatin in one gallon of water. Mix one pint of this solution to 15 gallons of water and soak feed over night. Allow no other drinking water during treatment."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Dartol. Misbranding, Section 502 (a), certain statements on the bottle label were false and misleading. The statements represented and suggested that the article was an adequate and effective treatment for diarrhea in suckling pigs, whereas it was not an adequate and effective treatment for diarrhea in suckling pigs.

Alatin. Misbranding, Section 502 (f) (1), the labeling of the article failed to bear adequate directions for use since the labeling failed to reveal the purposes and conditions for which the article was intended.

DISPOSITION: January 14, 1954. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

4280. Misbranding of Testit white liniment. U. S. v. 127 Bottles, etc. (F. D. C. No. 36122. Sample No. 78760-L.)

LIBEL FILED: November 19, 1953, Eastern District of Kentucky.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about July 10, 1953, by the Peerless Serum Co., from Kansas City, Mo.

PRODUCT: 127 16-ounce bottles and 56 32-ounce bottles of Testit white liniment at Lexington, Ky.

LABEL, IN PART: (Bottle) "Testit White Liniment * * * Contains: Gum Camphor, Ammonia Chloride, Ammonia Water, and Turpentine in a soap base * * * A creamy white liniment for application to the skin surface. It may be used to advantage in sprains, inflammatory swellings of joints, tendon sheaths and glands. Also a stimulating lubricant for massage of the udder. This preparation may be used where ever or whenever a liniment is indicated."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Misbranding, Section 502 (a), certain statements on the bottle label of the article were false and misleading. The statements represented and suggested that the article was an adequate and effective treatment for the conditions of sprains and inflammation of the joints, tendon sheaths, and glands of animals, whereas it was not an adequate and effective treatment for such conditions of animals.

Further misbranding, Section 502 (f) (2), the labeling of the article failed to bear adequate warnings against use on the mucous membranes and in the area of the eyes and against continued use where the article would cause excessive irritation of the skin.

DISPOSITION: December 18, 1953. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

U. S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfall

FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION

NOTICES OF JUDGMENT UNDER THE FEDERAL FOOD, DRUG, AND COSMETIC ACT

[Given pursuant to section 705 of the Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act]



4281-4300

DRUGS AND DEVICES

The cases reported herewith were instituted in the United States district courts by the United States attorneys, acting upon reports submitted by the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, and include, where indicated, the results of investigations by the Department, prior to the institution of the proceedings. Published by direction of the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare.

GEO. P. LARRICK, Commissioner of Food and Drugs. WASHINGTON, D. C., February 11, 1955.

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